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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/665,916	09/18/2003	Ernest J. Friedlander	07414.0107-00000	7069
75	90 03/23/2005		EXAM	INER
Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow,			CHUNDURU, SURYAPRABHA	
Garrett & Dunn	er, L.L.P.			
1300 I Street, N	.w.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Washington, D	C 20005-3315		1637	

DATE MAILED: 03/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Ap	plication No.	Applicant(s)			
		10.	/665,916	FRIEDLANDER ET AL.			
Oi	ffice Action Summary	Exa	aminer	Art Unit			
		Sur	yaprabha Chunduru	1637			
	MAILING DATE of this commu		· ·	orrespondence address			
Period for Rep							
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Status							
1)⊠ Resp	onsive to communication(s) fil	ed on 18 Septer	mber 2003.				
· · ·	action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action					
3)☐ Since	this application is in condition	•		secution as to the merits is			
•	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of	Claims						
•	n(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the	• •					
	f the above claim(s) is/s	are withdrawn fro	om consideration.				
<u></u>	n(s) is/are allowed.						
	n(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected. n(s) is/are objected to.						
	n(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or elec	tion requirement				
		·	sion requirement.				
Application Pa							
•	pecification is objected to by the						
	rawing(s) filed on <u>2/25/04</u> is/ai	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•				
• •	ant may not request that any objects		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	` ,			
	cement drawing sheet(s) includin ath or declaration is objected t	•		` '			
,	-	o by the Exami	ier. Note the attached Office	Action of former 10-132.			
_	35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	by ledgment is made of a claim b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority Certified copies of the priority Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation attached detailed Office action	documents have documents have of the priority document do	ve been received. ve been received in Application ocuments have been receive CT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No In this National Stage			
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Attachment(s)							
_	ferences Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)			Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te			
	Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o Mail Date <u>6/22/04</u> .	PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal Page 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Status of Application

1. Claims 1-10 are currently pending. Claims 1-10 are considered for examination in this office action. The Preliminary Amendment filed on February 25, 2004 has been entered.

Priority

2. This application filed on September 18, 2003 claims benefit of US provisional 60/412,480 filed on 9/19/2002.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The Information Disclosure Statement filed on June 22, 2004 has been entered and considered.

Claim Interpretation

4. According to MPEP 2112.01 "Products of identical chemical composition can not have mutually exclusive properties." A chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, the properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present. In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

The following rejections are based on the fact that the composition used in the instant invention and the composition in the prior art are identical and should have similar properties according to MPEP 2112.01. Thus the composition of the prior art would have the function of fragmenting DNA in similar composition and similar conditions.

Further in the instant specification the term "substantially free of nuclease" is defined as a composition in which there is insufficient nuclease to effect substantial fragmentation of the

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DNA, and substantial DNA fragmentation is defined as at least 20-50% DNA fragmentation, Claim interpretation: In the following rejections, the composition that is substantially free of nuclease is broadly interpreted as the composition comprising sterile water or buffer alone or a buffer comprising a chelating agent such as EDTA or EGTA. Further in the instant specification the term "substantially free of nuclease" is defined as a composition in which there is insufficient nuclease to effect substantial fragmentation of the DNA, and substantial DNA fragmentation is defined as at least 20-50% DNA fragmentation, which is interpreted as the DNA fragmentation is partial or incomplete in a composition comprising an insufficient nuclease. Thus lysis or degradation or denaturation at temperature above 90° C is considered as fragmenting. In the light of the instant specification the term "quantitation" is broadly interpreted as quantitation by gel electrophoresis or quantitation by PCR.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- A. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Eggerding (USPN. 5,912,148).

Eggerding teaches a method of claim 1, comprising incubating DNA above 90° C in a composition (TE buffer or sterile water) that is free of nuclease (see col. 11, line 10-15, indicates that the DNA is boiled (100° C) in a sterile (nuclease free) water for 20 min, which meets the limitation in the instant claim 1 and also would have similar function of fragmenting DNA, since

the composition and conditions are same, see also col. 11, line 3-5 indicating that the DNA is dissolved in small volumes of Tris-EDTA buffer, pH 8.0 and the same 2ul of DNA is used in amplification reactions and is heated at 94° C for 5 min for denaturation (fragmenting) see col. 15, line 18-20, col. 16, line 1, which meets the limitations in claim 1, since the claim 1 is in "comprising" open language format).

With regard to claims 2-3, Eggerding teaches that the DNA is in a solution (buffer) comprising 10mM Tris and 1mM EDTA, pH 8.0 (see col. 11, line 3-5);

With regard to claims 4-5, Eggerding teaches that the incubation lasts between 5 and 60 minutes (see col. 11, line 10-13, col. 16, line 1);

With regard to claim 6, Eggerding teaches that the DNA is quantitated after fragmentation (boiling) (see col. 15, line 18-20, col. 16, line 1-3, quantitation by PCR);

With regard to claims 7-8, Eggerding teaches that the composition comprises a fluorescent dye indicator (see col. 8, line 23-60);

With regard to claims 9-10, Eggerding teaches a method of determining the presence or absence of a DNA sequence and determining the quantity of a DNA sequence in a sample comprising

- (a) generating a quantity of fragmented DNA comprising the nucleic acid above 90° C in a thermal cycling apparatus (thermocycler) in a composition that is substantially free of nuclease (see col. 15, line 15-30, col. 16, line 1);
 - (b) quantitating the fragmented DNA (see col 16, line 2-3)
 - (c) and performing an oligonucleotide ligation assay (see col. 16, line 3-7);

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(d) determining the presence or absence of the DNA sequence and quantity of the DNA sequence from the oligonucleotide ligation assay (see col. 16, line 8-25). Thus the disclosure of Eggerding meets the limitations in the instant claims.

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B. Claims 1-2, 4-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Down et al. (USPN: 5,766,852, reference taken from IDS submitted by the Applicants).

Down et al. teach a method of claim 1, for fragmenting DNA (lysis or degradation or fragmentation, see col. 5, line 45-47, col. 2, line 41-) comprising

(a) incubating the DNA (mycobacteria sample comprising DNA) above 90⁰ C in a composition that is substantially free of nuclease (see col. 8, line 33-42, col. 5, line 45-67, col. 6, 1-17, col. 7, line 10-20, line 50-52, indicates that the composition comprising a buffer alone or DTT results in DNA fragmentation, and the composition comprising EDTA (depending on the concentration of EDTA used) results in partial or incomplete DNA fragmentation or reduces the degradation of DNA, which indicates substantial fragmentation of DNA).

With regard to claim 2, Down et al. teach that the DNA is in a solution (buffer) comprising 10mM Tris (see col. 2, line 60-67) and 1mM EDTA (see col. 3, line 10-20, indicates EDTA concentration ranging from 1mM to 10mM);

With regard to claims 4-5, Down et al. teach that the incubation lasts between 5 and 60 minutes (see col. 2, line 50-54, col. 5, line 45-62-67, col. 7, line 10-54);

With regard to claim 6-7, Down et al. teach DNA quantitation after fragmentation by gel electrophoresis using a fluorescent indicator (ethidium bromide) and southern blot quantitated using autoradiography (see 39-51, col. 5, line 62-65);

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With regard to claim 8, Down et al. teach that the fluorescent indicator comprises a fluorescent dye (ethidium bromide) (see col. 5, line 62-67, col. 6, line 1-5).

Thus the disclosure of Down et al. meets the limitations in the instant claims.

Conclusion

No claims are allowable.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Suryaprabha Chunduru whose telephone number is 571-272-0783. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.30A.M. - 4.30P.M, Mon - Friday,

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached on 571-272-0782. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Suryaprabha Chunduru 3/18/05

Examiner
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